

## FRANCE AFTER MOORS

ARRESTING AGITATORS FOR FOMENTING ANTI-FRENCH FEELING.

LALLA, Marina, Algeria, Sept. 13.—With the object of repressing at once all incipient outbreaks in Western Morocco in the vicinity of the Algerian frontier, the French authorities at Adjudics have arrested former and present sheiks of Oudja, and two other ringleaders in the agitation to foment anti-French feeling. Four Moors arrived here today in chains and will be handed over to the imperial Moorish caids for conveyance to Tangier.

## NEGRESS RECEIVES STOLEN MONEY

[By Associated Press.]  
NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 13.—Virginia Reed, a negro woman, who, according to Charles E. Letten, a defaulting bank clerk, received about \$90,000 out of the \$100,000 or more that he stole from the State, today attempted to commit suicide by jumping into the Bayou St. John. She was fished out just in time to save her from drowning.

## WRIT SAVES NEGRO FROM HANGING

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The War Department was advised today that a writ of error granted by Chief Justice Fuller in the case of Adolphus Coulson, a West Indian negro, sentenced to death for poisoning his wife in the canal zone, was served on the isthmian judicial authorities on September 4th. The case involves the right of trial by jury in the canal zone. Coulson was to have been hanged today.

## EVIDENCE WAS NOT STRONG ENOUGH

SANTA ROSA, Sept. 13.—Edward L. Morrison of San Francisco, who was charged with having shot and killed Edward Passacalqua at Healdsburg, two weeks ago, was discharged after an examination today. He was dismissed for insufficient evidence. The shooting was the outcome of a card game. Passacalqua was a merchant of Healdsburg.

## Explosion in Mine Injures Forty Men

[By Associated Press.]  
ROCK SPRINGS, Wyo., Sept. 13.—Forty men were injured, twenty seriously, in an explosion yesterday in the mouth of the Third Entry mine No. 10. It is owned by the Union Pacific Coal Company.  
A number were terribly burned. It is not expected that any will die. It was caused by the lamp of the miners setting fire to the coal dust that was stirred up by the runaway coal cars in their flight down the grade after jumping the track. The stope was badly damaged, great timbers being shattered and bulk heads blown out. At the time of the explosion several hundred men were in the mine.

## METEOR FALLS IN NEW MEXICO

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 13.—A meteor struck the earth near Santa Rosa, New Mexico, yesterday afternoon. The thunderous roar as it buried itself in the earth was followed by vibrations equal to an earthquake. People rushed into the streets badly

## TAKING BACK OLD OPERATORS

[By Associated Press.]  
CLEVELAND, Sept. 13.—There was a decisive break in the local telegraphers strike today when eight of the former striking operators, including the vice president of the local telegraphers' union, returned to work with the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company. Superintendent Collins also said tonight that the Postal company had within the last day or two been able to open for the first time several of its most important branch offices in the Cleveland division. Officials of the Western Union Telegraph Company stated that they had taken back several operators who had been on strike.

## WEALTHY WOMAN POSED AS PAUPER

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—The death of Mrs. Jane Elder, an English refugee, discloses the fact that far from being a pauper she was the owner of real estate, 14,098 shares of stock and coin to the amount of \$44,600.

Mrs. Elder entered the Ingleside camp at the time of its opening, pleading destitution, and remained upon that plea, declaring to the camp commander repeatedly that she had no property, and no relatives. Becoming ill, she was sent on Wednesday last to the Ingleside hospital, and on that day she again told Commander Wollenberg of her destitution and that she had no property to leave to any one.

Mrs. Elder died on Sunday, September 8th, and a few days later her trunk, which had been in her room all of the time, was opened. The commander, convinced of the woman's sincerity, did not expect to find enough to bury her, and the discovery of papers denoting the possession of much property was a decided surprise. The papers showed that Mrs. Elder owned real estate in Point Richmond, San Bruno, San Diego, Tehama county, Kern county and in Washington, and also the shares of stock referred to, which included investments in various mining and oil companies, the par value of the whole reaching the figure of \$200,000.

Besides, it came to light that before the fire the woman had owned a sixteen-room house in the 800 block on Mission street, from which she obtained a small insurance. The camp is strictly conducted for the old and indigent, and when it is found that any inmate has an income or relative able to support him he is dismissed from the camp.

Mrs. Elder's effects have all been turned over to the public administrator by the camp commander. She was 72 years of age.

BASEBALL SCORES.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 13.—The following are the scores for today's games: San Francisco 3, Los Angeles 2; Oakland 10, Portland 5.

## TWO DEAD THE PLAGUE

Board of Health Issues Statement Declaring There is no Cause for Alarm--No Intention at Present to Quarantine City.

[Associated Press.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 13.—Chang Mon, president of the Chinese Six Companies, the wealthiest Chinese organization on the Pacific Coast, was found dead today at 742 Sacramento street, Chinatown. His death was due to the plague. A Greek laborer, who was taken ill in Green street, near the water front, also died today.

The board of health has appointed scores of special deputies to enforce the cleaning of the city and to remove all collections of refuse and possible retreats for the dread germs.

The following official announcement was made today concerning the local plague situation to the people of San Francisco: "Rumors of an alarming nature having reached the board of health in regard to the so-called bubonic plague, the president of the board, by its authority, hereby declares that there exists at present in San Francisco nothing that need cause any alarm, much less a quarantining of the city, and that there is at present no intention to make such a quarantine. So far there have been detected but twenty-four cases of the disease since the 27th day of May last."

"Every precaution is being taken by the Federal authorities in co-operation with the State and city boards of health, to stamp out such of the disease as is here. It is well to bear in mind that bubonic plague seldom becomes epidemic except in the tropics."  
(Signed) W. OPPULS,  
President San Francisco Board of Health.

We concur:  
RUPERT BLUE, Passed Assistant Surgeon U. S. Public Health and Marine Hospital Service.  
EDWARD R. TAYLOR, Mayor of San Francisco.  
MARTIN REGENSBURGER, President State Board of Health.

## GLASS JURORS May Serve in THE FORD CASE

[By Associated Press.]  
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 13.—Five jurors have finally been selected and sworn, and four more chosen, subject to arbitrary dismissal, was the net result of the second day's trial of T. L. Ford, chief counsel of the United Railroads, for the bribery of Supervisor Loneragan. Among the nine men in the box are two who served on the jury which convicted Vice President Louis Glass of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company, of bribing the same supervisor under circumstances similar to those set forth in the Ford indictment. Nells Mortensen, who has been finally accepted and sworn, and Joseph P. Queen, against whom the defense will undoubtedly exercise one of its five remaining peremptory challenges.

The chief interest today centered in a determined fight by the defense to disqualify talesmen who were members of the jury which convicted Glass in the trial of the telephone official. Loneragan and other supervisors testified that they accepted bribes from the United Railroads, among these being the very bribe on which the trial of General Ford is founded. The defense assumed the position that the Glass jurors, by rendering a verdict of conviction, affirmed their belief in the truthfulness of that testimony, hence are disqualified under the law of "implied bias" from trying Ford. A forceful argument in this behalf was made by Earl Rogers, Assistant District Attorney Henev, and O'Garra opposed with spirit and won a ruling. They represented that

the case against Glass was so strong circumstantially that conviction would have been justified without Loneragan's testimony, and further, that the declaration of Talesman Queen in the present trial that he had not formed any opinion as to whether Loneragan was bribed by the United Railroads removed him from the law's disqualification. Adjournment was then taken until Monday. Night sessions of the trial will be held next week.

ADMIRAL LYON TRANSFERRED.  
[By Associated Press.]  
WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—An order issued at the Navy Department today detached Admiral H. W. Lyon from duty as commandant of the navy yard at Mare Island, Cal., October 12th, next. He will proceed to his home for further orders.

## FRANCE WILL NOT USE GUILLOTINE

[By Associated Press.]  
PARIS, Sept. 13.—The question of whether the guillotine would reappear in France, which has been daily agitating the French people, was decided this afternoon when President Fallieres commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of death passed on Solleillant, whose atrocious murder of a little girl excited the horror of France and brought forth many petitions for the infliction of the death penalty. A bill to abolish capital punishment is part of the government's platform and has already been introduced in the chamber of deputies.

## ANNIE BESANT WILL NOT TELL

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Mrs. Annie Besant, president of the Theosophical society, arrived here yesterday from Europe, accompanied by Mrs. Marie Bernard Russak, formerly of San Francisco. They immediately took the train for Chicago, where she is to preside over the annual convention of the American section of the Theosophical society.

Mrs. Besant is fat, with thick, snow-white hair, face of masculine strength and eyes that have a powerful gaze. She told interviewers of her belief in the transmigration of souls from one body to another, said she knew she had formerly a human existence, and was, in fact, various successive persons in past ages. She was asked to tell who she had been in her former days, but she preferred not to make this disclosure. She believes the soul of Madame Blavatsky has been transferred to her, so she may follow in the footsteps of that founder of the Theosophical organization.

## JOSS HOUSE MAY STOP TENDERLOIN

RENO, Sept. 13.—The existence of a Chinese joss house within 400 yards of the section into which it is planned to move the tenderloin district of this city may cause the abandonment of the plan and the loss of several thousand dollars to James May and James Quinn, who are engineering the deal for the establishment of a night life section to take the place of the block facing the new city hall, just closed under orders of Sheriff Farrell.

The Nevada law provides that no house of ill fame shall be conducted within 400 yards of a place of worship, and the Chinese joss house is claimed to have just as much standing in the law as any Christian church. District Attorney Moran announces that he will not stand for the establishment of the tenderloin in the district adjoining Chinatown, which Quinn and May favor.

## TRADE RIVALRY INTENSE

SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES SHIPPERS BIDDING FOR TRADE.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 13.—Rivalry between shippers of San Francisco and those of Los Angeles may result in a change of plans by the incorporators of a million dollar steamship company which yesterday made an announcement of its intention to operate five vessels between the harbor of San Pedro and ports along the Mexican coast. It was stated today that a subsidy of \$250,000 had been offered by San Francisco business men, who desire that a line engage in business with Mexico and substitute San Francisco for San Pedro harbor. It was intimated that the city furnishing the better guarantee of assistance would obtain the line.

## WILL REPORT ON SULPHUR PROCESS

MARYSVILLE, Sept. 13.—Dr. W. D. Bigelow, chief of the division of foods in bureau chemistry of the Federal Department of Agriculture, and Professor M. E. Juffa, University of California, who also represents the State board of health, are in this city with a corps of assistants making an investigation with regard to the sulphuring process of drying fruit. In this matter the two departments, represented by the gentlemen named, will work together. Specimens of dried fruit will be sent to Washington. The result of the investigation will, when completed, be made known.

## GRAND ARMY ENDS ITS SESSION

SARATOGA, Sept. 13.—The veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, who have been attending the forty-first annual encampment of that organization, concluded their business today and adjourned. Commander-in-chief Burton's appointments include the following: Jere T. Dow, Kansas City, Mo., adjutant general; Charles Burrows, Rutherford, N. J., quartermaster general; Colonel D. R. Stowitz, Buffalo, inspector general; L. L. Collins, Minneapolis, judge advocate; J. Henry Hanscomb, Philadelphia, assistant adjutant general and custodian of records; J. Corle Winau, Toledo, O., senior aide-de-camp and chief of staff. Retiring Commander Brown was made chairman of the committees on pensions.

## Transatlantic Boats Make New Records

[By Associated Press.]  
NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—A new trans-Atlantic steamship record has been made by a Cunard liner, the giant turbine, Lusitania, which arrived in port today. The boat left Queenstown for New York at 12:10 o'clock Sunday afternoon and arrived at the Sandy Hook lightship at 8:43 o'clock today, making the trip in 5 days, 1 hour and 33 minutes. This is 5 hours and 50 minutes better than the previous Queenstown-New York record, held by the Lucia of the same line. She did not beat the average speed per hour maintained by the Kaiser Wilhelm II, which made 23:58 knots per hour from New York to Plymouth, or the Deutschland, which made an average of 23:15 knots to the same port.

The Lusitania's speed per hour was 22:87 knots. The new ship is decked with flags and bunting and made her appearance off Sandy Hook this morning. Passengers lined the rails, crowding the different decks and waving handkerchiefs and American and British flags. Other vessels blew whistles and dipped their flags. The log of the Lusitania gives the time of the passage as 5 days and 54 minutes, and the time of arrival off Sandy Hook as 8:05 in the morning. The average speed is given at 23:1 knots per hour for the distance of 2782 miles.

The trans-Atlantic steamship record from Havre to New York, held by the French liner La Provence for a year, was broken by that steamer today when it arrived in New York. It completed the 3140 miles from Havre in 6 days, 1 hour and 12 minutes, which is 1 hour and 32 minutes faster than the previous record. The average speed was 22:08 knots per hour.